



Šifra kandidata:

**Državni izpitni center**



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JESENSKI IZPITNI ROK

## **ANGLEŠČINA**

Izpitna pola 1

Bralno razumevanje

**Četrtek, 29. avgust 2013 / 60 minut**

Dovoljeno gradivo in pripomočki:

Kandidat prinese nalivno pero ali kemični svinčnik, ter enojezični in dvojezični slovar.

Kandidat dobi dva ocenjevalna obrazca.



**POKLICNA Matura**

### **NAVODILA KANDIDATU**

**Pazljivo preberite ta navodila.**

**Ne odpirajte izpitne pole in ne začenjajte reševati nalog, dokler vam nadzorni učitelj tega ne dovoli.**

Prilepite oziroma vpišite svojo šifro v okvirček desno zgoraj na tej strani in na ocenjevalna obrazca.

Izpitna pola vsebuje 4 naloge. Število točk, ki jih lahko dosežete, je 30. Vsaka pravilna rešitev je vredna 1 točko.

Rešitve pišite z nalivnim peresom ali s kemičnim svinčnikom in jih vpisujte v izpitno polo v za to predvideni prostor. Pišite čitljivo in skladno s pravopisnimi pravili. Če se zmotite, napisano prečrtajte in rešitev napišite na novo. Nečitljivi zapisi in nejasni popravki bodo ocenjeni z 0 točkami.

Zaupajte vase in v svoje zmožnosti. Želimo vam veliko uspeha.

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Ta pola ima 12 strani, od tega 2 prazni.



# Prazna stran

**OBRNITE LIST.**

## 1. naloga: Dopolnjevanje

Preberite besedilo in rešite naloge.

# The Platypus

### Habitat and behaviour:

The shy mammal platypus is found only in eastern Australia, where they live on the edges of rivers and freshwater lakes where burrows can be dug. The best streams are ones where the banks are strong enough for building their deep burrows, and often these banks overhang the river. During the day, a platypus often rests in this burrow, but it may spend some hours near the entrance to the burrow, basking in the sun and grooming its dense fur. But platypuses are most active for several hours after dusk and before dawn.

Platypuses are known for their excellence in the water as both a diver and swimmer. Whilst underwater the platypus has its eyes and ears shut and, being buoyant, it must continuously swim downwards with its webbed forefeet to remain submerged. Webbing on the front feet extends well beyond the claws, forming large paddles for swimming. The hind feet are also webbed but are employed in steering.

Platypuses can swim underwater for two minutes, but may 'rest' underneath a submerged object for up to 10 minutes. Dense fur fibres trap a layer of air next to the skin, giving excellent insulation for an animal that spends up to 12 hours each day in water as cold as 0 °C.

### Feeding:

The platypus usually feeds at night on aquatic insect larvae, shrimps and worms by dabbling in mud or silt on the bottom of rivers and

freshwater lakes with its sensitive, flexible, duck-like snout, aided by electroreceptors (electronic sensors) on its bill. This prey is stored in the cheek pouches and will be chewed after returning to the surface. The platypus can eat their own body weight in food in one night.

### Reproduction:

Males are larger than females. Mating occurs once a year, beginning in late June in the warmer northern parts and in October in the southern part. The female usually lays from two to four eggs and incubates these against her abdomen by clasping them with its tail for about two weeks in a blocked-off nest at the end of a long breeding burrow. The young ones have no fur when they hatch. The female has no teats. Milk is produced in large glands under her skin which oozes out onto a patch of fur and the young platypus (puggle) sucks it up.

### Threats and preservation:

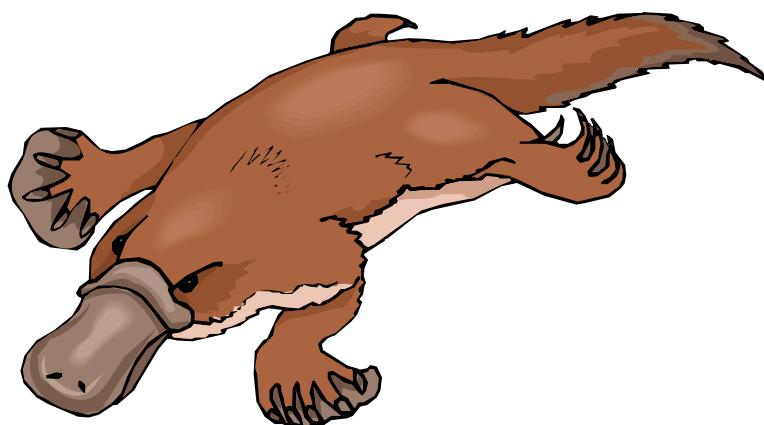
The biggest threat to the platypus is the loss of habitat, as man clears land and pollutes the waterways. Natural enemies of the platypus includes snakes, water rats and foxes. Taronga Zoo in Sydney and the Healesville Sanctuary in Victoria have successfully bred platypuses in captivity.

(Vir: <http://australian-animals.net/>.  
Pridobljeno: 15. oktober 2011.)

V besedilu *The Platypus* poiščite ključne informacije in z njimi dopolnite spodnje povedi. Uporabite lahko le besede iz besedila. Na vsaki črti manjka ENA beseda. Odgovore zapišite na črte.

**Example:**

0. According to the zoological classification, the platypus is a \_\_\_\_\_ **mammal**.
1. The platypus is an endemic species; it doesn't live in any other country but \_\_\_\_\_.
2. Platypuses relax in dens called \_\_\_\_\_, which can be found on the banks of rivers and lakes.
3. Between the front and hind claws of the platypus, there is a \_\_\_\_\_ which helps the animal to move in water.
4. The platypus's body is covered in thick \_\_\_\_\_, which offers the animal good insulation in the cold water.
5. The platypus has \_\_\_\_\_ where the caught prey is put aside until the animal can reach the land to eat it.
6. The offspring does not get milk from the mum's breasts, but from big \_\_\_\_\_ that leak milk through the skin.
7. The platypus is most endangered due to the shrinking of its \_\_\_\_\_.
8. Luckily the platypus can also breed in \_\_\_\_\_.



## 2. naloga: Dopolnjevanje

Preberite besedilo in rešite naloge.

# Charlie Chaplin's films in Berlin – A timeless entertainer with timely ideas



On July 15th, a chilly evening in Berlin, around 3,000 people 0 to the Brandenburg Gate to watch a free open-air screening of Charlie Chaplin's 1940 film "The Great Dictator" (pictured). It was the first night of "Chaplin Complete", a festival run by the city's Babylon cinema, which is showing all 80 Chaplin films in 24 days. But the crowds also came to see Geraldine Chaplin, Charlie's eldest daughter, who 9 the proceedings.

"This is a historic moment," she said to me at the Adlon hotel, a short walk from the Brandenburg Gate, the day before the opening. "My father walked through history and he became history and now his film is shown here."

Her father also 10 at the Adlon hotel on a visit to Berlin in 1931, on a promotional trip for his last and most successful silent film, "City Lights". Although he missed the premiere—a pro-Nazi media campaign defaming Chaplin as an "anti-German warmonger" and an "American film-Jew" 11 him to flee to Vienna ahead of time—Geraldine is convinced the visit left a mark on her father. The Nazis didn't come to power until 1933, but she says that Chaplin's visit "was the moment he started to be fascinated with Hitler".

Geraldine recounts an interview Chaplin 12 to Life magazine in the 1970s, when he was asked what he thought of Hitler's acting

style. "Well, it was very oratory," he 13, "and a little bit over the top. The gestures were maybe just a little bit too big, which made me think, 'This man does not have much confidence in himself.' He must have had someone back there behind the scenes saying to him, 'You are doing good. You are doing great, guy.'" Geraldine suggests that these views of Hitler informed her father's parodic performance in "The Great Dictator", his first talking picture and one of his most successful.

The only time Geraldine heard her father speak about Berlin was through a closed door. "I did a lot of eavesdropping," she says. She remembers hearing Chaplin telling a German friend, "In Berlin I fell in love", and then she "heard this name which wasn't my mother's." Shocked, she 14 to the kitchen, where her mother was cooking, but she didn't dare tell her what she had heard. She then chuckles, adding: "Of course, it was Nefertiti that he'd fallen in love with." He was talking about the famous bust of the wife of the Egyptian Pharaoh Akhenaten, which sits in Berlin's Neues Museum.

"Chaplin Complete" is the second silent film season organised by the Babylon. Ten of the screenings will be accompanied by the Chamber Orchestra Potsdam. Timothy Brock, who is conducting the performances, has been working since 2000 to restore all the original scores from Chaplin's silent films. Geraldine is certain her father would approve. "He 15 big audiences," she says. "He also liked to watch his own films." So do Berliners—recent screenings of "City Lights" and "The Gold Rush" both 16 rapturous standing ovations. Timothy Grossman, head of the festival, is cheered. "The audiences' response and enthusiasm tell me that Charlie Chaplin is reaching people's hearts to this day."

(Prijeljeno po: The Economist, <http://www.economist.com/>.  
Pridobljeno: 22. junij 2011.)

Na prazna mesta v besedilu *Charlie Chaplin's films in Berlin - A timeless entertainer with timely ideas* vstavite besede iz spodnjega okvirčka. Posamezno besedo lahko uporabite le enkrat, dve besedi pa sta odveč.

gave	acted	hurried	stayed	portrayed	forced
said	<b>flocked</b>	adored	opened	earned	

**Example:**

0. **flocked**

9. \_\_\_\_\_

10. \_\_\_\_\_

11. \_\_\_\_\_

12. \_\_\_\_\_

13. \_\_\_\_\_

14. \_\_\_\_\_

15. \_\_\_\_\_

16. \_\_\_\_\_

### 3. naloga: Povezovanje

Preberite besedilo in rešite nalog.

## Acing the Interview

### Tips and Strategies for Successful Interviewing

<b>A</b>	You have just landed an interview for a seemingly wonderful job! Now what? Successful interviewing will be essential in order for you to lock in an offer. Here are some tips and strategies for effective interviewing from preparation through follow up.
<b>B</b>	Research should always be your first step. Gathering background information on employers is a crucial element in successful interview preparation. You will need to be prepared to answer the questions "What do you know about our company?" and "Why do you want to work here?" Knowing as much as possible about the company's past performance and future plans can make your interview much more interactive. Before the interview review the company's web site.
<b>C</b>	Practice makes perfect (or at least leads to improvement). Practise with a friend and record or videotape your responses so you can replay the interview and see how well you did. Prepare answers to commonly asked interview questions. Doing so will help you analyze your background and qualifications for the position.
<b>D</b>	Behavior based interviewing is becoming more common. It is based on the premise that a candidate's past performance is the best predictor of future performance. Rather than the typical interview questions on your background and experience, you will need to be prepared to provide detailed responses including specific examples of your work experiences.
<b>E</b>	The best way to prepare is to think of examples where you have successfully used the skills you've acquired. Take the time to compile a list of responses to both types of questions and to itemize your skills, values, and interests as well as your strengths and weaknesses.
<b>F</b>	Also prepare a list of questions you want to ask the interviewer. Remember, you aren't simply trying to get the job - you are also interviewing the employer to assess whether this company and the position are a good fit for you.
<b>G</b>	It is very important to be on time for the interview. On time means ten to fifteen minutes early. If need be, take some time to drive to the office ahead of time so you know exactly where you are going. Know the interviewer's name and use it during the interview. If you're not sure of the name, call and ask prior to the interview. Remember to bring an extra copy of your resume and a list of references.
<b>H</b>	During the interview try to remain as calm as possible. Ask for clarification if you're not sure what's been asked and remember that it is perfectly acceptable to take a moment or two to frame your responses so you can be sure to fully answer the question.
<b>I</b>	End the interview with a thank you to the interviewer and reiterate your interest in the position. Then follow-up with a personal Thank You note restating your interest.

(Prirejeno po: Alison Doyle, About.com Guide. Pridobljeno: 3. september 2010.)

Povežite spodnje naslove z vsebino posameznih odstavkov besedila *Acing the Interview* tako, da vpišete črko, ki zaznamuje najprimernejši odgovor, v ustrezno oštevilčeno vrstico v preglednici. Za enega od odstavkov v besedilu naslov ni podan.

**Example:**

0.	Consider some advice for a successful interview	A
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17.	Do your best to avoid any nervousness	
18.	The early bird catches the worm	
19.	A new type job interview	
20.	Act out the interview in advance	
21.	Study your potential employer's company beforehand	
22.	Show your interest and appreciation after the event	
23.	Make sure there is two-way information exchange	



#### 4. naloga: Izberite pravi odgovor

Preberite besedilo in rešite nalog.

## Edinburgh local: Rachel Brown



That first view of Edinburgh is arguably the finest. Stepping out of Waverly train station, the ancient city vista bathed in the evening sun – this is a place that is grand, imposing and unapologetic.

I have lived in Edinburgh for two years, an imposter from over the border in England. For me, it is the air of mystery and intrigue that is so captivating. The castle may tower high above all, but it is the cities secrets that are most compelling. The medieval streets and alleys of the old town have stories a plenty, and the unsavoury tales of plague, ghosts and infamous serial killers lurk in the hidden underground town. These narratives, of historical fact or literary fiction continue to engage both visitor and local alike.

But it is August when the spotlight lands on Edinburgh, and my love for it swells, as the cultural jamboree of the ‘festival’ consumes the city. Colour, people and performers litter the streets. It is as if the day to day grind is put on hold for one glorious month of the year. The excitement is contagious. You should stop by, I’ll buy you a pint.

I recently met a New Yorker who told me that there is an unwritten rule in NYC that locals are not allowed to ‘look up’ Monday through Saturday. They must be profoundly irritated by tourists stalling on the sidewalks with maps, cluttering up their subway, lengthening their coffee queues. They must remain decidedly

unimpressed. But then, on Sunday, they are granted a day’s grace. They can finally consult a map, discover a new part of town and be impressed by their city.

To me, this is a waste of six good days out of seven. I’m two years in and there is so much of Edinburgh for me yet to discover. I am constantly delighted, amazed and impressed with what ‘Auld Reekie’ has to offer. To behave as a tourist in Edinburgh is to remember the joys of this city.

To walk the streets that writers, philosophers and the great thinkers of the enlightenment have trodden. To prop up the same bars that crooks and prostitutes shared with city lawyers and doctors some 500 years ago. To hunt relentlessly for the best coffee in town. (It’s at Wellingtons in case you wondered.)

When the first whispers of festival reach the city, when the autumn sunsets light up the skyline, and July evenings go on forever; I forgive Edinburgh all. Her dreary days, bitter winds and tacky tartan gift shops.

Many thousands flock to visit this city each year and I have the great privilege to call it home.

I am an Englishwoman living in Edinburgh, and I always look up.

**Obkrožite črko pred izjavo, ki pravilno dopolnjuje nedokončano poved o besedilu *Edinburgh local: Rachel Brown*. Možen je le en odgovor.**

**Example:**

0. On arrival to Edinburgh, a visitor is likely to be ...

- A deeply shocked.
- B slightly offended.
- C genuinely impressed.
- D greatly saddened.

24. The author is most fascinated by Edinburgh's ...

- A countless stories.
- B towering castle.
- C numerous visitors.
- D welcoming locals.

25. In August, visitors can expect to see ...

- A empty streets.
- B many performers.
- C the daily grind.
- D many pints of beer.

26. Some say that New Yorkers can appreciate their city ...

- A only once a week.
- B without a map.
- C by using the subway.
- D by helping the tourists.

27. In Edinburgh, the author behaves like ...

- A a New Yorker in New York.
- B the 'Auld Reekie'.
- C a long-time local.
- D an enthusiastic visitor.

28. The author sees Edinburgh as ...

- A a city with a long history.
- B a centre of education.
- C a hotbed of crime.
- D a city with no decent cafés.

29. The author does NOT like ...

- A Edinburgh's festival activities.
- B Edinburgh's skyline in the morning.
- C Edinburgh's cold and windy weather.
- D Edinburgh's tartan cloth patterns.

30. The author's feelings towards Edinburgh are ...

- A favourable.
- B hateful.
- C mixed.
- D political.

# Prazna stran